THE Numb. 68.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Friday, November 11, to Friday, November 18, 1737.

From the Daily Gazetteer, *Auguſt* 31.

LETTERS from Vienna of the 13th Inſtant, O. S. ſay, that Count Seckendorff has detach'd 10,000 Men under Count Philippi, to reinforce the Prince of Saxe Hilburghauſen on the Frontiers of Boſnia; and that he march'd himſelf on the 12th from Niſſa for Widdin, after having called in all the Detachments that had been employ'd to reduce the little Towns in the Neighbourhood, and ſent the heavy Artillery to Widdin, that was to be employed in the Siege of Niſſa; and that the Anſwer which the Governor of Widdin returned to the Count de Khevenhuller when he ſummoned him to ſurrender that Place was, That he had expreſs Orders from the Porte to defend it to the laſt Extremity. The Family of Collowrath has received the bad News, that the Count of that Name, who ſerv'd under the Prince of Saxe Hilburghauſen, in the late Action near Bagnaluc, was kill'd. But the two Reports concerning the Count de *Bonneval*, firſt of his being ſent for to Conſtantinople, for fear he ſhould accept of the general Amneſty offered by the Emperor in favour of all that have deſerted his Service; and then of his being killed in the above-mentioned Action, were given out by the Turks, on Purpoſe to deceive the Emperor's Generals, and to make them believe, that the Loſs of that General would very much diſconcert the Deſigns of the Porte; for 'tis certain that the Count de Bonneval is at Seraglio in Boſnia, and that ſince the little Advantages which the Turks have gained in that Country over the Imperialiſts, the Grand Signior has given him the Command in Chief over the Forces in that Province, which he is the more bound in Intereſt to take care of, becauſe he has had a Promiſe, that if he acquits himſelf with Honour, and the War be continued, he ſhall have a conſiderable Command next Year.

The Count de Munich has wrote a Letter to the Count de Seckendorff, intimating his Opinion, 'That the Turks, 'ſince what they ſuffered at Oczakow, will hardly venture another Engagement with the Ruſſians; but rather 'turn their main Force towards the Imperial Army, to 'which all their preſent Diſpoſitions ſeem to have a 'Tendency; but he adds, that in that Caſe, he will ſend 'him a Reinforcement of 20,000 Men.'------ The Emperor has declared Duke Ferdinand of Bavaria a Field Marſhal General of his Forces.

The freſheſt Advices which the Ruſſian Court has received from the Count de Munich, are dated the 12th ult. O. S. on which Day he was arrived with his Army 70 Miles of that Country from Oczakow, where he had left a Gariſon of 5000 Men, and was continuing his March to croſs the Nieſter near Perepalanka, in order to ſecure that Place, and then to repair to Bender.

The Conferences for a Peace were actually begun near Nimirow on the 27th ult. O. S. between the Imperial, Ruſſian, and Turkiſh Plenipotentiaries, who aſſembled for that Purpoſe in a Booth which is erected near the River Side.

From the Daily Gazetteer, *Sept.* 1.

By a Courier arrived at Vienna from the Prince of Saxe-Hilburghauſen, in his Camp at Machiza, near the Frontier of Boſnia, there's Advice that the Turkiſh Troops in that Province had been re-inforced to the Number of 50,000 Men, and were divided into ſeveral Bodies, the moſt conſiderable of which was poſted on the Banks of the Verbas, in order to prevent the Imperialiſts from paſſing that River. Prince Charles of Lorrain is troubled with a Dyſentery, a Diſtemper very common in that Country, becauſe of the Badneſs of their River-Water.

A Relation at large is publiſhed at Petersburg, of the Siege and Conqueſt of Oczakow, of which the following is the moſt material Part.

'On the Feſtival of St. Peter and St. Paul, which 'was June 29, O. S. the Day that the Count de Munich approached within Cannon-ſhot of the Town, the 'Turks, to the Number of 5000 Men, of the beſt 'Troops, continually haraſſed the Huſſars and Coſſacks, 'who were his Van-Guard, but were put to Flight with 'conſiderable Loſs. One of the Priſoners then taken re'ported, that a Re-inforcement of 7000 Pick'd Men 'arrived the Day before at Bender; that the Gariſon 'conſiſted of 20,000 Men, and was provided with all 'Neceſſaries.

'Next Day the Place was intirely inveſted on the 'Land-ſide, and the Enemy were obliged to retire under 'the Cannon.

'On the 1ſt of July, the advanced Troops on both 'Sides had a very bloody Engagement: The whole 'Army was at the ſame Time under Arms, and Half of 'every Regiment being ſent forward, the Attack was 'made in ſeveral Places, and the Fire both from the 'Small-Arms and Artillery was very hot on both Sides. 'The Ruſſians drove the Turks from all their Gardens, 'Lines, and Entrenchments, which they diſputed Inch 'by Inch; ſo that before Night they were puſhed be'hind their Paliſadoes, and the Beſiegers were poſted 'within Muſket-ſhot of the Place. The Loſs of the 'Turks that Day was conſiderable, becauſe the Ruſſians, 'eſpecially the Coſſacks, gave no Quarter. During the 'Attack, which laſted from Morning 'til Night, all the 'Artillery was continually playing, tho' no Battery nor 'Plat-form had been erected, but all the Cannon and 'Mortars were diſcharged from the open Country, and 'drawn nearer to the Place, as the Ruſſians advanced; 'who played ſo ſucceſsfully on the Town, that they ſet 'it on Fire in ſeveral Places, but the Enemy put it out.

'The next Morning at Day-break the greateſt Part 'of the Town ſeemed to be in Flames, the Artillery 'having continued playing all Night; and, to increaſe 'the Conſternation, the Generals ordered the Fire to be 'doubled: At which Time too, half of the Army which 'was under Arms, advanced towards the Place, with 'Drums beating, and Colours flying, as they immediately intended a General Storm, in Order to draw all 'the Gariſon to them, and to hinder them from extinguiſhing the Fire, which ſucceeded accordingly; for 'ſoon after, two Magazines of Gun-powder blew up into the Air.

'The Ruſſians having taken Poſt at the Foot of the 'Counterſcarp, notwithſtanding the Fire of the Enemy, 'attacked the Counterſcarp very warmly; which was 'obſtinately defended by the Turks; who ſheltering 'themſelves behind Paliſadoes, fortify'd at proper Diſtances by little Gabions, diſputed every Inch of Ground. 'But all on a ſudden the Gariſon was ſtruck with a 'Conſternation, that ſeveral Thouſand Turks went out 'of the Town, hoping to get off by the Black Sea, upon 'which, Troops were immediately ſent with Artillery, 'to cut them off; and about 10 in the Forenoon the

'Turks

Turks put out the White Flag, and ſent to Count Munich, to deſire a Suſpenſion of Arms for 24 Hours; but the ſame was refuſed, and the Gariſon ſurrendered Priſoners at Diſcretion, only deſiring their Lives.

'Thus was the Fortreſs taken, defended by a whole Army, and that with Sword in Hand, in leſs than 3 Days Attack, and in a Manner ſcarce to be parallelled. The Priſoners affirmed, that on this very Day, from 5 o'Clock in the Morning, when the Attack began, to 10 in the Forenoon, above 10,000 Men of the Gariſon were killed by the Fire of the Muſcovite Artillery, Small Arms, and Grenades, and by the Magazines that blew up into the Air; ſo that dead Bodies and Horſes kill'd, lay in Heaps in the Street, and in the Counterſcarp.

'The 4th being obſerved in the Camp as a Day of Thankſgiving, for a Conqueſt ſo much to the Glory of the Czarina's Arms, and to beſeech God to continue his Bleſſing upon the Arms of her Imperial Majeſty and of her Allies, there was a Diſcharge of 101 Pieces of Cannon upon that Occaſion, and a triple Salvo of all the Small Arms.

'The Priſoners of Note taken are, a Seraskier Baſha with 3 Tails, Son-in-Law to the laſt Grand Vizier, Muſtapha Baſha with 2 Tails, Aſman Bey, General of the 3000 Boſniakes that came from Bender, 12 of the Seraskier's principal Officers, and 5 belonging to the Baſha of Oczakow; beſides 56 Officers of the Boſniakes, Spahis, Janiſaries, and Arnauts, 3174 Soldiers, 200 Domeſticks, and 1200 Women and Children. The Number of the Dead and Bury'd, to the 9th of July inclusive, amounts to above 17,000, excluſive of thoſe who were drowned in the Sea, or bury'd under the Ruins of the Magazines that blew up into the Air. Among the Dead are 5 Baſhas with 2 Tails.

'On the Ruſſian Side were killed 2 Captains, and 43 Inferior Officers and Soldiers, of the Empreſs's Guards; and of the other Troops, 1 Colonel, 2 Lieutenant-Generals, 3 Major Generals, 2 Brigadiers, 6 Colonels, 2 Lieutenant Colonels, 19 Majors, 63 Officers, and 2900 Inferior Officers and Soldiers. Count Munich and the Prince of Brunſwick had each a Horſe killed under him, and their Hats and Coats were ſhot thro' with ſeveral Balls. A Page was alſo killed by the Prince's Side.

'There was found in the Town 82 Braſs Cannon, 4 of Iron, 7 Mortars, and the Arms of all the Gariſon, among which are magnificent Sabres, and ſeveral thouſand Horſes, richly capariſon'd. In ſhort, there is a very conſiderable Booty, in Gold, Silver, and Precious Stones; beſides the ſeveral thouſands of Black Cattle, Sheep, &c.'

Letters from Francfort ſay, that laſt Thurſday Se'nnight Damian Hugo, the Cardinal de Schonborn, Biſhop of Spires, died in his Dioceſe.

And thoſe from Copenhagen mention the Death of the Count de Holſten, Great Chancellor of the King of Denmark, aged 77.

From the Daily Gazetteer, *Sept.* 5.

They write from Lisbon, That Baron Newhoff, who arriv'd there from Holland the 4th of July, O. S. ſtaid there 12 Days, expecting other Ships to follow him, and then ſail'd for the Iſland of Corſica.

Letters of the 16th of Auguſt, O. S. from Geneva, ſay, That the Magiſtrates of that City had been forc'd to ſubmit to the Malecontents, who had turned ſome of their Adherents out of the City, detained others, and entered by Force into People's Houſes, and carried away their Arms: That the Prince of Saxe-Gotha, and Prince Frederick of Heſſe-Caſſel, who were Students there, together with moſt of the Foreigners of Diſtinction, and above 60 conſiderable Families, were retir'd out of the City; and that the Magiſtrates had ſent to implore Relief from the Canton of Bern, who us'd to ſtand their Friend.

The Motive and Progreſs of this Tumult, is thus related, in a Letter, of Auguſt 20, O. S. from Sch.ſhauſen.

'The Magiſtrates having condemned 4 of the Townſmen to Impriſonment and Baniſhment, for having given Falſe Evidence, and publiſhed Calumnies of a ſeditious Nature, the Populace demanded their Pardon; which being refuſed, they were reſolved to reſcue them by Force, and for that End took up Arms. The Magiſtrates in like Manner diſtributed Arms to ſuch Perſons as declared on their Side; whereupon an Accommodation was ſet on Foot, and each Party promis'd to lay down their Arms. The Magiſtrates ſet them an Example, by quitting theirs firſt, and the Populace pretended to do ſo too, but immediately took to Arms again, and inveſted the Town-houſe, where there were ſome ſmart Skirmiſhes, during which a Captain of the Garriſon, and 15 Citizens were killed. The Malecontents, whoſe Party was moſt numerous, ſeized the Cannon of the City. The French Reſident there, has offered his Mediation to accommodate this Broil, which both Parties have accepted; but what Succeſs it has had, we do not yet know.

Dublin, Sept. 10. Laſt Wedneſday Morning about 6 o'Clock, the Dublin Yatcht by firing three Guns gave Notice of her being in the Bay, the Flags were diſplay'd on Bermingham Tower and Warburgh's Steeple, the Streets were lined by the Army, and a Party of Horſe were ſent down to Ring's End, where their Graces the Duke and Dutcheſs of Devonſhire, and the Lady Carolina, ſafely landed about 10, and were met by ſeveral of the Nobility, who attended them to the Caſtle, where they were received by the Lords of the Council with the uſual Formalities; His Grace being ſworn, the Bells rung, the Great Guns of the Barracks were fired, and anſwer'd by a triple Diſcharge of the Small Arms from the Soldiery, who were drawn up in College Green. After a ſhort Repoſe, their Graces went to his Grace the Lord Archbiſhop of Armagh's, where they were ſplendidly entertained at Dinner, and returned to the Caſtle in the Evening: The Night concluded with Bonfires and other Rejoicings, not common on the like Occaſion. Such was the Effect of his Grace's many noble Virtues, the Fame of which arrived before him. It was very remarkable, that a great and general Joy and Satisfaction appeared in the Countenances of every Body as he paſs'd along the Streets; but nothing could be more pleaſing than to ſee him reading two Petitions, which were preſented to his Grace ſoon after his Landing, both which he read immediately.

Yeſterday the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, Court of Aldermen, and Common Council of this City, waited on his Grace the Lord Lieutenant in their Formalities, to congratulate him on his ſafe Arrival in this Kingdom; and Eaton Stannard, Eſq; their Recorder, made their Compliments in an elegant Speech; and the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor had the Honour of Knighthood conferred on him.

The ſame Day the Provoſt and Fellows of Trinity College, attended by the Doctors in the ſeveral Faculties, the Maſters of Arts, and other Members of that learned Body, attended his Grace in their Formalities, and complimented him in a Latin Speech, by the Rev. Doctor Stewart, S. F.

His Grace dined Yeſterday with the Rt. Hon. the Speaker of the Houſe of Commons.

We hear from Waterford, that Major Stephen Palmes is married to one Miſs Bedderſhin, lately come from Germany, a Lady of great Beauty, Merit and Fortune. They are daily expected in Town.

An ODE *on His Grace the Duke of* Devonſhire's *being promoted to the Lieutenancy of* Ireland.

Humbly Inſcribed to His Excellency, by Mr. Robert Reading, *only Son of the Hon. Colonel* Reading, *deceaſed.*

WHILE awful Cannon with tremendous Roar,
Emit their Thunder from the trembling Shore:
On this auſpicious Morn, the riſing Sun
With pompous Glory, drove his Charriot on,
Deck'd with tranſcendant Rays, *Devonia's* Lord,
To whom *Auguſtus* had bequeath'd his Sword.

Hail!

Hail Mercy! thou Impartial Grace!
That now has reach'd the Shore,
Triumphant Juſtice ſhews her Face,
And veils her Charms no more.

Remoteſt Sorrows loſt in Air,
And once impoveriſh'd Mortals bear
A Look compos'd, contented Mien,
And Joy in every Aſpect ſeen.

No Wonder! When Souls are to Pity inclin'd
Inſpir'd with a gen'rous Politeneſs of Mind,
To nought but the Tranquil of Virtue reſign'd.

Ever New, and ever Glorious,
Cav'ndiſh Bleſſings will improve,
And an Age in Lines Hiſtorious,
Evermore record his Love.

Sweet Deportment, ſtill engaging
Wiſdom, future Bliſs preſaging
Calm, and gentle Sweets adorning
Years, as this delightful Morning,
Shall eternally remain:

With Triumph and Pleaſure,
Let's value our Treaſure,
In Strains never tiring,
The Hero admiring,
Sincerely deſiring his proſperous Reign,
The Nation's Advantage and Rights to maintain.

Devouring Time with ſtealing Hours
May change th' immortal Scene we view:
As the Fountain Water pours,
May the next his Steps purſue.

Subjects like him in ſocial Worth combine,
And as in Glory, ſo in Friendſhip ſhine.

We hear a certain Man has hung a Black Flag on the Steeple of St. Patrick's Church, and had the Bells muffled, which rang this Morning in a very diſmal Tone, on Account, as we hear, of the Reduction of the late Gold Coin.

To the King's moſt Excellent MAJESTY,

The Humble Addreſs of the Commiſſion of the late General Aſſembly of the Church of Scotland, *met and convened by Appointment of the ſaid Aſſembly this 10th Day of* Auguſt, 1737.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt Faithful and moſt Loyal Subjects, the Miniſters and Elders now aſſembled in a Quarterly Meeting of the Commiſſion of the late National Aſſembly of the Church of *Scotland*, humbly beg Leave to take this Occaſion of offering to your Majeſty our moſt ſincere and unanimous Congratulations on the joyful Event of the Birth of a Princeſs, the firſt born Child of their Royal Highneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Wales.

As the Church of *Scotland* has never failed even in the moſt difficult and dangerous Occaſions, to give convincing Proofs of her Loyalty to your Majeſty, and of her ſteady Attachment to the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Auguſt Houſe: And as it is a Part of our daily Prayers to Almighty God, That your Majeſty may be long preſerved for a Bleſſing to your People; and that your Majeſty's Royal Offspring may, to the End of Time, poſſeſs the Throne of theſe Realms, it cannot but fill our Hearts with Joy and Thankfulneſs, when we ſee our Wiſhes, and Prayers, and thoſe of all your good Subjects ſo far accompliſhed, as gives us the Proſpect of the further Increaſe of your Royal Family, and the Continuance of the Proteſtant Succeſſion therein.

We the Miniſters and Elders of this Church have taken many Occaſions to expreſs our Loyalty and Affection for your Majeſty and your Royal Family; and we beg Leave at this Time to aſſure your Majeſty, that we are thoroughly perſuaded, it is both our Duty and Intereſt, to ſtand ſo affected, and to demean ourſelves accordingly as the Settlement of the Crown of theſe Realms upon your Majeſty and Royal Family, is the greateſt Security, under God, of our own National Eſtabliſhment of Religion and Liberty in all your Kingdoms, and the Proteſtant Intereſt in general; and it is, and ſhall be our Care to cultivate and promote the like affectionate and dutiful Diſpoſitions and Conduct in all the People under our Charge, and to guard them againſt every Thing may have the leaſt Tendency to beget Diſaffection to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, or diſturb the Peace of our Country, and your Majeſty's juſt Adminiſtration therein.

We conclude with our hearty Prayers to Almighty God, that he may beſtow and continue his beſt Bleſſings upon your Majeſty, your Royal Conſort the Queen, their Royal Highneſſes the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, the Royal Infant, and all the reſt of your auguſt and illuſtrious Family, and that their Royal Highneſſes may be preſerved, and their Marriage bleſs'd with a further Increaſe of your Royal Offspring, the better to ſecure and perpetuate the Bleſſings of your Majeſty's Reign to lateſt Poſterity: Theſe are the ſincere and fervent Prayers of,

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,
Your Majeſty's moſt faithful, moſt dutiful,
and moſt obedient Subjects,
The Miniſters and Elders Commiſſioners
of the late General Aſſembly of the Church
of Scotland.
Sign'd in our Preſence, in our Name, and at our Appointment, by
LAUGHLAN MACINTOSH, *Moderator.*

From the Daily Gazetteer, *Sept.* 10.

London, Sept. 10. By the Holland Mail arriv'd yeſterday, we have the following Account:

Yeſterday Se'nnight the Prince and Princeſs of Orange made their publick Entry at Breda with very great Splendor, and were received with an univerſal Joy. They were met out of the Town, and complimented in the Forenoon by the Burgomaſter, two Deputies of the Magiſtrates, and the Greffier or Secretary; and after having dined in Publick, they made their Entry about 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon in the following Manner. 1. Several Grooms, with each a very fine led Horſe in his Hand, richly capariſon'd. 2. All the Courtiers. 3. The Prince and Princeſs of Orange in a magnificent Coach drawn by 6 Horſes, attended on each Side by the Horſe Guards, and followed by Four other Coaches and Six, in which ſate the Princeſs's Ladies of Honour. Their Highneſſes Pages and Domeſticks were all clad in fine new Liveries, and were received by a Diſcharge of the Cannon from the Ramparts, the Sound of Kettle-Drums and Trumpets, and the Peals of all the Bells. The Burghers in their beſt Attire, were drawn up under Arms, in a double Line, from the Gate thro' which their Highneſſes enter'd to the Caſtle. The Troops in Gariſon there, were alſo drawn up in Order of Battle near the ſaid Gate, in the great Market-place, in the Square before the Caſtle, and in the Court-Yard. Their Highneſſes paſſed under Four Triumphal Arches of the Compoſite and Tuſcan Orders, and adorn'd with Emblems and Devices alluding to their Highneſſes Virtues. When they arrived at the Caſtle, they were complimented by the Magiſtrates, by the Clergy in a Body, and by the chief Inhabitants of the City. His Highneſs diſtributed Gold Medals to the Magiſtrates, and cauſed others of Silver to be ſcattered among the Populace. At Night all the Houſes were illuminated, and a fine Fire-work was play'd off in the Square before the Caſtle. The Prince did the Magiſtrates the Honour to partake of a Feaſt they had prepared at the Town-Houſe, where two Fountains of Wine were let run for the Populace, which were adorn'd with Verdure, Orange Trees and Green Boughs.

His Majeſty has been pleas'd to appoint the Rev. Joſeph Billingſley, D. D. to be one of the Prebendaries of the Cathedral Church of Chriſt, in Oxford; and on Tueſday a Grant paſſed the Great Seal accordingly.

Williamsburg

Williamsburg, Nov. 18.

We have an Account of the Sailing, and Arrival, of the following Ships, *viz.*

Aug. 15. The Prince of Orange, Devonſhire, arriv'd at Briſtol, in 6 Weeks, from Philadelphia.
----- 17. The Charming Sukey, Gibſon; and the Charming Betty, Blackſtone, arriv'd at Graveſend, from Maryland.
----- 17. The Mortimer, Barnes, in 25 Days; and the Duke of Cumberland, Elliſon, in 29 Days, arriv'd at Briſtol, from Virginia.
----- 21. The Virginian, Lewis, arriv'd at Briſtol, in 28 Days, from Virginia.
----- 22. The Swan, Spry, arriv'd at Weymouth, from Maryland.
----- 23. The Woodford, Bernard, arriv'd at Graveſend, from Maryland.
----- 28. The Lee, Woodrope; and the Hatley, Barret, arriv'd at Graveſend, from Virginia.
----- 28. The Mayflower, Tubman; and the Olive, Brownrigg, arriv'd at Whitehaven, from Virginia.
----- 29. The Rappahanock, Loxam; and the Mary and Catherine, Edwards, arriv'd at Liverpool, from Virginia.
Sept. 1. The Ramſgate Frigate, Judd, arriv'd at Graveſend, from Maryland.
----- 7. The Pretty Patſey, Lux, ſail'd by Deal, with a great Number of Tranſports, for Maryland.
----- 10. The Charles, late Dove, arriv'd off of Dover, from Virginia.
----- 14. The Lancaſhire, Corbin, arriv'd at Deal, from Philadelphia.
----- 14. The Juliana, and the Richmond, arriv'd at Briſtol, from Virginia.
----- 15. The Elizabeth, Trowles, arriv'd at Deal, from Virginia.
----- 17. The Portland, Ruſſel, arriv'd at Weymouth, from Virginia.
----- 17. The William, Taylor, arriv'd at Whitehaven, from Virginia.
----- 19. The Mary Swaddle, arriv'd at Graveſend, from Virginia.
----- 20. The Dragon, Neat, paſs'd by Deal, for Philadelphia.
The Martin-Galley, Beale, is arriv'd at Briſtol, from Virginia.

We hear from *Hanover* County, That the Prize to be run for there, on St. *Andrew*'s Day, by 20 Horſes, &c. is a neat Saddle, with a handſome Silver-lac'd and fring'd Houſing: That ſeveral Gentlemen have already enter'd their Horſes; and 'tis believ'd the whole Number will be made up. The Poſts are already ſet up at the Place mention'd in the former Papers; and 'tis expected there will be a great deal of Company.

On *Wedneſday* laſt, Capt. *John Tate* died at his Houſe, near *James*-Town.

Yeſterday Mr. *John Smith*, of *Gloceſter* County, was married to Miſs *Molly Jaquelin*, youngeſt Daughter of Mr. *Edward Jaquelin*, of *James*-Town; an agreeable young Lady, of Merit, and Fortune.

This Morning, between 5 and 6, died at his Houſe, in the 72d Year of his Age, *John Clayton*, Eſq; His Majeſty's Attorney-General, and Judge of the Court of Vice-Admiralty of this Colony, the firſt Juſtice in the Commiſſion of the Peace of *James*-City County, Recorder of this City, *&c.* Which Offices he executed with Juſtice and Probity. He bore a good Character, among his Acquaintance, and his Death is much lamented.

This Day about Noon, Peter Heckie, and Bryan Conner, were executed here, for the Murder of Eliphalet Larby, formerly mention'd. And this Afternoon Paul Callaham, (one of the Perſons ſuſpected to be concern'd in Robbing Mr. *Lidderdale*) was brought to Priſon.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, of Eſſex *County, on* Wedneſday *the 9th of this Inſtant* November, *a Convict Servant Woman, nam'd* Anne Wheatley; *ſhe is a luſty, well-ſet Woman, with very dark Hair, black Eyes, and a freſh Complexion. She had on, when ſhe went away, a black quilted Petticoat, lin'd with an aſh-colour'd Stuff, a blue and white ſtrip'd India Cotton Gown, the Sleeves of which are fac'd with red and white Callico, a Drugget Waſtcoat, without Sleeves, a Shift and Apron of Princes Linen; the Apron has in it Two Breadths, and is bound with a Yellow Cotton String, now almoſt waſhed white; has neither Shoes nor Stockings with her: She is a* Londoner, *and was brought in by Capt.* Loney, *laſt Year.*

Whoever apprehends the ſaid Servant, and carries her before a Juſtice, in order to be ſent Home by a Conſtable, as the Law directs, ſhall have, if above Five Miles from Home, Five Shillings, and if above Ten Miles, Ten Shillings Reward, beſides what the Law allows.

Francis Smith.

WHEREAS Richard Willmott, *of* York *County, Oyſterman, did, on* Sunday, *the* 30*th of* October *laſt, leave his Dwelling on* Queen's *Creek, in a Pettiauger, and took with him a white Servant Man, and a young Negro Man, named* Quamana, *that has been in the Country many Years, from a Boy, and yet ſpeaks but broken* Engliſh; *he has his Country Marks on each Cheek, and on his Forehead; has a wide Mouth, large Eyes, and a Noſe flatter than ſome Negros, and is battle-ham'd: He had on, a Kerſey Jacket, Oznabrigg Shirt, and a Pair of Hamel Breeches; which ſaid Negro was mortgaged to me the Subſcriber: This is therefore to adverriſe all Perſons not to buy the ſaid Negro; and further, in Behalf of the Creditors of the ſaid* Willmott, *I do hereby promiſe, that if any Perſon will apprehend the ſaid Negro, and bring him to my Houſe in* Williamsburg, *he ſhall have Five Pounds Reward; or giving Notice, ſo as he may be had again, ſhall receive a Guinea for their Pains. And if the ſaid* Willmott *will return, he ſhall have Time to pay his Debt.*

John Blair.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, in Stafford *County, on the Eleventh of* Auguſt *laſt, a Servant Man, named* John Peters; *he is a* Kentiſh *Man, and ſpeaks Broad, or Country like; was tranſported in the* Forward Galley, *Capt.* Mager *Commander, laſt* July: *He has a pale Complexion, much mark'd with the Small Pox, about Six Feet high, round Shoulder'd. and has a down Look, is upwards of* 30 *Years of Age: He is mark'd on the middle of his Breaſt, with the Picture of a Woman and ſeveral Children before her; on one Arm, a Crucifix, on the other, the* Jeruſalem *Arms.*

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Runaway, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward, beſides what the Law allows, paid by me,

George Sinclaire.

To be ſold very reaſonably,

A Tract of Land, lying on the Head of Scimino *Creek, in* York *County, containing Seven Hundred and Eighty One Acres, with ſeveral good Orchards, a convenient Landing, and a good Wharf thereon, within a Mile of the Dwelling-Houſe. Whoever has a Mind to purchaſe the ſaid Land, may apply to the Proprietor, living in* Goochland *County,*

Iſaac Bates.

Juſt Publiſhed,

AN Exact Abridgment *of the Laws of* VIRGINIA, *in Force and Uſe, to this preſent Time. By*

John Mercer.

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